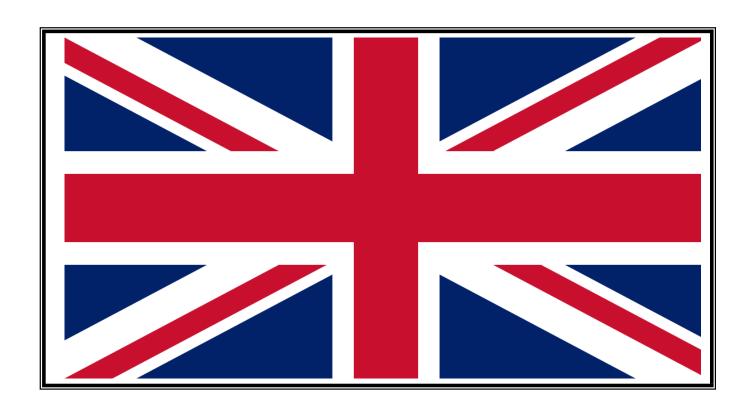


## TAREAS Módulo 4

Curso 2024-25

2º parcial del 1º cuatrimestre

Fecha máxima de entrega: 17 de enero Fecha examen: **20 de ENERO** (19:00 a 22:00 h) *Las tareasse entregarán, preferentemente, al profesor de cada materia*.



Nombre y Apellidos	
DNI	
Teléfono	
Email	
Localidad residencia	





CEPA "Miguel de Cervantes" Vva de los Infantes

## TAREAS ESPAD Inglés Módulo 4 PARTE 2 TEMA 3 "Artificial intelligence"

Curso 2024-25 1° CUATRIMESTRE

Examen 2º parcial: 20 de enero

ATENCIÓN:	SABERES MÍNIMOS:
1 Los ejercicios deben completarse en la misma hoja detareas, a mano y a bolígrafo azul.	- Expresar la pasiva en inglés de forma correcta en el tiempo pasado.
2 Puede usarse corrector.	- Expresar la pasiva correctamente en afirmativa, negativa e interrogativa.
3 Sería conveniente quedarse con una copia de lastareas para usarlas para estudiar para el	Conocer el vocabulario correspondiente a tecnología y aparatos electrónicos.
examen.	

#### 1. Read the text and do the activities:

Technology has become an integral part of our daily lives, impacting the way we communicate, work, and live. From smartphones to artificial intelligence, technological advancements have transformed the world in remarkable ways.

One significant aspect of technology is its role in communication. Social media platforms, messaging apps, and video conferencing tools have revolutionized how we connect with others, allowing us to stay in touch with friends and family regardless of distance.

In the workplace, technology has enhanced productivity and efficiency. Automation, cloud computing, and collaboration software have streamlined tasks and facilitated remote work, enabling employees to collaborate seamlessly from different locations.

Moreover, technology has revolutionized entertainment and media consumption. Streaming services, gaming platforms, and virtual reality experiences offer immersive entertainment options, reshaping the way we entertain ourselves.

However, the rapid pace of technological innovation also raises concerns about privacy, cybersecurity, and digital divide. It's essential to navigate the digital landscape responsibly and address the ethical implications of technology.

Despite its challenges, technology continues to drive progress and innovation, shaping the future of society and opening up new possibilities for human achievement.

#### **Comprehension Questions:**

- a) What are some examples of how technology impacts our lives, according to the text?
- b) How has technology transformed communication?

	c)	In what ways has technology influenced the workplace?
	M	atch the words with their meanings:
	1.	Automation
	2.	Collaboration
	3.	Immersive
	4.	Cybersecurity
	5.	Innovation
	a)	Working together towards a common goal
	•	Protecting computer systems from theft or damage to their hardware, software, or electronic .
	da	
	,	The act of making something more efficient or automatic
	•	Deeply engaging or absorbing
	e)	Introducing new ideas, methods, or products
2.	Cor	nplete the sentences with the verbs in brackets.
		Life in the 19th century in Britain
	a)	Lamps and candlesfor light, because there was no electricity. (use)
	b)	A coach instead of a car to move from place to place. (buy)
	c)	By the 1860's bicyclesalong with horses. (ride)
	d)	A simple small house by a poor family. (build)
	e)	Luxurious palacesby wealthy aristocratic families. (own)
	f)	Top hats and suits with tailsby men in cities. (wear)
	g)	A dressto hide woman's legs. (design)
	h)	Girls from well-off familiesat home. (educate)
	i)	Boys from rich familiesto public schools. (send)
	j)	A child from a poor familyto work. (force)
	k)	Rapid changesabout in everyday life by industrialization. (bring
	l)	A huge demand for goods and services(create)

#### 3. Circle the correct option in each sentence.

- Spanish taught / was taught in this language school.
- Picasso's painting and drawing was sold / were sold in the auction.
- The band's best songs were played / played at the concert.
- This photo was taken by / with my smartphone.
- The sculptures were stolen / were stealed yesterday.
- The dinner **cooked / was cooked** too late.
- Some information were translated / was translated into French.
- Pyramids built / were built by Egyptian pharaohs.
- Jeans was invented / were invented in the 19th century.
- This huge machine was transported by / with plane.

#### 4. Put these sentences into the Past Simple Passive.

1.	The airline sent our passage to Australia by mistake.
2.	Visconti directed Death in Venice.
3.	They announced the date of the debate yesterday.
4.	El Greco painted The Burial of the Count of Orgaz.
5.	Where did they find the diamond ring?
6.	Columbus didn't discover America in 1491.
7.	They drew some paintings.
8.	My uncle sold the bicycle.



2.

a)

b)

c)

d)



## CEPA "Miguel de Cervantes" Vva de los Infantes

## TAREAS ESPAD Inglés Módulo 4 PARTE 3 TEMA 1 "Stories in nature"

## Curso 2024-25 1° CUATRIMESTRE

Examen 2º parcial: 20 de enero	
ATENCIÓN:	SABERES MÍNIMOS:
detareas, a mano y a bolígrafo azul.	<ul> <li>Expresar la condición posible y su resultado probable.</li> <li>Expresar condicionales negativas usando unless.</li> <li>Conocer el vocabulario relacionado con el medio ambiente, la contaminación, etc</li> </ul>

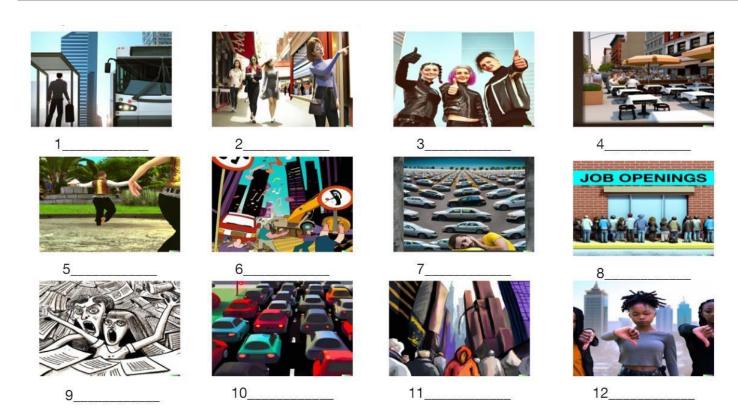
	3 Sería conveniente quedarse con una copia de lastareas para usarlas para estudiar para el examen.	- Conocer el vocabulario relacionado con el medio ambiente, la contaminación, etc
١.	Complete the sentences with the verbs in	n brackets to complete the conditionals:
	Wedinner if we are	rive so late. (not have)
	I'll sell the piano in case I	some money. (need)
	Sue will be unhappy if she	any present. (not get)
	• I can lend you some money on condition	that you it back soon. (give)
	• I you know if you do	on't take you mobile phone with you. (not let)
	• Even if I to talk to him,	he won't listen. (try)
	• It won't be possible unless they	us. (support)
	If youa bath, there	will be no hot water left. (have)
	She won't be slim if she	eating so much chocolate. (not stop)
	The tea strong er	nough if you don't use three teabags. (not be)
	there anything wrong with the sentences e first conditional:	? Find out what it is and correct them using
lf	I didn't do my homework, my mom will get m	nad.
lf	he doesn't study hard, he doesn't pass the e	exam.
lf	they don't come to my party, I will get upset.	
lf	she loved me, she will tell me the truth.	
lf	we enjoy the club, we come back again	

## 3. Complete the sentences with your own ideas:

a)	If it rains tomorrow, I
b)	If I finish my homework in time, I
c)	If he works hard, he
d)	I will be sad if
e)	If the traffic is bad. I

## 4. Match the words and expressions to the pictures.

"cultural activities" "many restaurants" "many stores" "cost of living" "a lot of traffic" "opportunities" "too much noise" "too many people" "downsides" "nightmare" "advantages" "public transportation"



### 5. Choose the correct answer:

## 1. What is one advantage of a city with

#### "cultural activities"?

- A) Availability of shows and events
- B) Low cost of living
- C) Little traffic
- D) Quiet environment

## 2. What is one reason someone might choose to live in a city with "many restaurants"?

- A) Lack of traffic
- B) Quiet neighborhoods
- C) Affordable housing
- D) Access to a variety of food options

#### 3. What is one advantage of a city with "many stores"?

- A) Little traffic
- B) Low cost of living
- C) Convenient shopping
- D) Quiet environment

## 4. What is one downside of a city with a high "cost of living"?

- A) Little access to amenities
- B) High expenses
- C) Lack of job opportunities
- D) Quiet environment

#### 5. What is one disadvantage of a city with "a lot of traffic"?

- A) Affordable housing
- B) Easy access to public transportation
- C) Long commutes
- D) Availability of cultural activities

## 6. What is one advantage of a city with many "opportunities"?

- A) Quiet environment
- B) Affordable housing
- C) Career prospects
- D) Access to cultural activities

## 7. What is one disadvantage of a city with "too much noise"?

- A) Lack of sleep
- B) Quiet neighborhoods
- C) Access to amenities
- D) Affordable housing

## 8. What is one downside of a city with

## "too many people"?

- A) Cheap housing
- B) Access to amenities
- C) Crowded streets and public spaces
- D) Quiet environment

## 9. What is one advantage of a city with good

## "public transportation"?

- A) Easy and convenient travel
- B) Quiet environment
- C) Affordable housing
- D) Access to cultural activities





## CEPA "Miguel de Cervantes" Vva de los Infantes

# TAREAS ESPAD Inglés Módulo 4 PARTE 3 TEMA 2 "Extreme climate"

## Curso 2024-25 1° CUATRIMESTRE

Examen 2º parcial: 20 de enero		
ATENCIÓN:	SABERES MÍNIMOS:	
1 Los ejercicios deben completarse en la misma hoja detareas, a mano y a bolígrafo azul.	<ul><li>Expresar la condición hipotética y su resultado probable.</li><li>Expresar condicionales negativas usando unless.</li></ul>	
2 Puede usarse corrector.	- Conocer el vocabulario relacionado con los desastres	
3 Sería conveniente quedarse con una copia de lastareas para usarlas para estudiar para el	naturales.	

1. Correct one mistake in each sentence.		
Example: If you helped me, we will finish in time. "would finish"		
<ul> <li>I can't go out. Believe me, I wouldn't stay at home if I'm not ill</li></ul>		
If I were you, I should listen to your parents		
2. Choose the correct form:		
What would you wish if youthree wishes?		
□ have □ had		
Tim if he asked for a pay-rise.		
□ wouldn't be fired □ wasn't fired		
If you had to marry Rachel, whatfirst?		
□ would you do □ you would do		
I wouldn't accept the jobi f Ivery early.		
□ had to get up □ would have to get up		
If wea TV set, we could watch the Olympic games.		
□ buy □ bought		
He'd go with us if wehelp.		
□ needed □ would need		

If the flowers we	ere dry,	them?	
□ will you water	□ would you water		
We would delive	er the parcel today if you	extra cl	narge.
□ paid □ paye	ed		
We would support	ort your project if you	it till	the end of this year.
□ finished	□ finish		
If you gave me y	our address, I	send someone	to have a look at it.
□ will be able	□ could		
3. Complete the	e following sentences w	ith the correct tens	se to make second conditionals.
1. If I	(be) you, I	(not/go) to	that restaurant. The food is terrible.
2. She	(be) at work today if sh	ne	(not/have) such a bad headache.
3. If he	(not/go) to bed so late	every night, he	(not/be) so tired every day.
4. If you	(not/live) so far a	way from me, I	(visit) you every weekend
5. Sophia	(not/marry) A	ndrew if she	(not/love)him.
6. Betty	(go) to the par	ty if her baby	(not/be) sick.
7. If I	(not/be) on a diet, l_		(eat) a piece of your chocolate cake.
8. I	(not/take) the b	us to school if I	(live) closer.
9. If I	(drink) coffee in the	evening, I	(not/be able) to sleep.
10. I	(buy) that computer	if it	(not/be) so expensive.
11. If I	(not/have) such a	a bad cold, I	(not/be) in bed now.
12. If you	(not/have) you	sales receipt, the s	tore(not/give)
you your money bac	ck.		
13. If you	(not/give) the tax	ki driver a tip, he	(be) angry.
14. If I	(not/have to) wo	rk tonight, l	(go) to the footbal
game with you.			
4. Match the firs	st part of the sentence o	n the left with the	correct ending on the right.
1. If I were hungry	-	A. if I were bald.	of the right.
2. If I were thirsty		=	s were very noisy.
<ul><li>3. I would go to the of</li><li>4. I would buy a wig</li></ul>		C. I would take it and D. if I came to wo	•
5. I would quit my jo		E. I would eat sor	_
	accident		overtime every day.
7. I would move	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G. I would move t	
8. If I spoke Spanish		H. I would make s	
9. If I failed the cours		I. I would call an a	ambulance.
10. The boss would	fire me	J. if I had a tooth	ache.

### 5. Match sentences (1-9) to photos (a-i).





When volcanoes erupt, they are dangerous	
Earthquakes can destroy buildings	
3. People sometimes drown in <u>floods</u>	
4. A <u>disease</u> can spread very quickly	
5. In a famine, people sometimes starve	
6. An <u>avalanche</u> can bury you under snow	
7. Most plants can't survive in a drought.	
8. A cyclone is a type of storm with very strong winds.	

9. A tsunami is a huge, dangerous wave. \_\_\_\_\_

### 6. Read the passage below and answer the following questions.

#### **Natural Disasters**

Natural disasters are powerful and destructive events that occur in nature. They can cause a lot of damage to the environment and affect the lives of people and animals. Some examples of natural disasters include earthquakes, hurricanes, floods, and wildfires.

During an earthquake, the ground shakes and buildings can collapse. It is important to find a safe place, like under a sturdy table, and protect your head. Hurricanes are strong storms with high winds and heavy rain. It's crucial to stay indoors and listen to the instructions of local authorities.

Floods happen when there is too much rain or when rivers overflow. It's important to stay away from flooded areas and never try to cross a flooded river. Wildfires are large fires that spread quickly through forests or grasslands. If you encounter a wildfire, it's essential to evacuate and follow the instructions of firefighters.

Understanding natural disasters and how to stay safe during them is important for everyone. It's crucial to listen to the advice of adults and be prepared with emergency supplies like food, water, and a flashlight. By being informed and prepared, we can stay safe during natural disasters.

- What are some examples of natural disasters mentioned in the passage?
- What should you do during an earthquake?

•	How can you stay safe during a hurricane?
•	What causes floods?
•	What are some essential emergency supplies to have?





If global warming continues, temperatures\_\_\_\_\_\_

## CEPA "Miguel de Cervantes" Vva de los Infantes

## Inglés Módulo 4 PARTE 3 TEMA 3 "The 3r's"

TAREAS ESPAD

## Curso 2024-25 1° CUATRIMESTRE

\_(rise) even higher.

Examen 2º parcial: 20 de enero

Examen 2 parcial. 20 de chero				
ATENCIÓN:	SABERES MÍNIMOS:			
<ol> <li>Los ejercicios deben completarse en la misma hoja detareas, a mano y a bolígrafo azul.</li> <li>Puede usarse corrector.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Expresar la condición posible e hipotética y su resultado probable.</li> <li>Expresar condicionales negativas usando unless.</li> <li>Conocer el vocabulario relacionado con el reciclaje.</li> </ul>			
3 Sería conveniente quedarse con una copia de lastareas para usarlas para estudiar para el examen.				

1. Put	tne verb	in the	correct	form to	complete	each	sentence. (	(First or	Second	Conditiona	il)

2. What would you do if you(win) a million dollars?					
3. If people stopped using cars completely, the	ere(be) much less pollution.				
4. If it(rain) again, I won't forget to bring my umbrella.					
5. If I spoke English fluently, I(not/need) to take lessons.					
6. If Siberia(not/be) so cold, I'd go there in winter.					
7. Tom will be at the party tonight. If I see him, I(say) hello.					
8. If it(not/rain) so much in England, you wouldn't see so many umbrellas.					
9. I(call) you if I get home.					
10. Where(you/live) if y	ou move out of your flat?				
11. If you(can) choose an	y company, which company would you like to work				
for?					
2. Match the beginnings of the sentences with the correct endings.					
1. If you clean the floor,	a. when I get paid next week.				
2. If you cleaned the windows,	b. we'll miss the bus.				
3. I'll buy you a pizza	c. I'll stay with some friends.				
4. I'd buy you a diamond	d. we wouldn't have missed the train.				
5. If we'd left earlier,	e. if we didn't drive everywhere.				
6. Unless we leave now,	f. I'd visit Buckingham Palace.				
7. We'll run out of petrol	g. they wouldn't have fingerprints on them.				
8. We'd use less petrol	h. if we don't fill up the tank soon.				
9. When I go to London,	i. if I could afford one.				
10. If I went to London	i, you can use the new mop.				

## 3. Choose the correct word to fill the blanks in the story.

sustainable	wildlife	recycling	landfill	pollution	dangerous	litter
foo	od rain wate	er ocean	new	resources	energy	planet

## The story of three plastic bottles

The story of three plast	ic bottles can help us to unde	erstand how throwing away our rubbish
can affect our C	Ince they have been drank, the	e three bottles are thrown on the ground
as Bottle one, like	millions of others, is collecte	d and ends up in This is
a huge hole in the ground that	is filled with rubbish. Rubbish	is pushed down from the weight of more
rubbish	flows through the waste and o	can become toxic (poisonous).
The toxic water can m	ove into groundwater, soil a	and streams, poisoning and harming
Bottle two's jou	ırney is different, but no happ	pier. The bottle floats into a stream, the
stream into a river, then the riv	er reaches the	After months at sea, the bottle is slowly
drawn into a massive whirlpoo	l, where rubbish piles up into	huge plastic islands. The Great Pacific
Garbage Patch is a huge colle	ction of plastic in the Pacific C	cean. This is just one of many Garbage
Patches in the world's oceans.		
Plastic in the ocean ca	n be veryt	o sea animals. Some animals can get
entangled in the mess. Some a	animals might mistake the pla	stic forwhich could kill them.
Bottle three is collected by a	truck and	taken to the recycling centre. At the
recycling centre, the plastic bo	ttle is separated and sorted in	to type, before being sent elsewhere to
be turned into something	Which bottle do you thin	k had the best journey?
Recycling is really imp	ortant because it saves our	naturaland wildlife, it
reduces air and water	, and it saves a lot of	and money. Recycling is a way
in which we can be		